UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

ROBERTO BROWNE and JADE N. PARKER,

Plaintiffs,

- against NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF
CORRECTIONAL SERVICES AND
COMMUNITY SUPERVISION,

Defendant.

STIPULATED CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND PROTECTIVE ORDER

21 Civ 5240 (PMH)

PHILIP M. HALPERN, United States District Judge:

WHEREAS, all the parties to this action (collectively the "Parties" and individually a "Party") request that this Court issue a protective order pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) to protect the confidentiality of nonpublic and competitively sensitive information that they may need to disclose in connection with discovery in this action;

WHEREAS, the Parties, through counsel, agree to the following terms; and
WHEREAS, this Court finds good cause exists for issuance of an appropriately
tailored confidentiality order governing the pretrial phase of this action,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that any person subject to this Order – including without limitation the Parties to this action (including their respective corporate parents, successors, and assigns), their representatives, agents, experts and consultants, all third parties providing discovery in this action, and all other interested persons with actual or constructive notice of this Order — will adhere to the following terms, upon pain of contempt:

1. With respect to "Discovery Material" (i.e., information of any kind produced or disclosed in the course of discovery in this action) that a person has designated as

"Confidential" pursuant to this Order, no person subject to this Order may disclose such Confidential Discovery Material to anyone else except as this Order expressly permits:

- 2. The Party or person producing or disclosing Discovery Material ("Producing Party") may designate as Confidential only the portion of such material that it reasonably and in good faith believes consists of:
 - (a) previously non-disclosed financial information (including without limitation profitability reports or estimates, percentage fees, design fees, royalty rates, minimum guarantee payments, sales reports, and sale margins);
 - (b) previously non-disclosed material relating to ownership or control of any non-public company;
 - (c) previously non-disclosed business plans, product-development information, or marketing plans;
 - (d) any information of a personal or intimate nature regarding any individual; or
 - (e) any other category of information this Court subsequently affords confidential status.
- 3. With respect to the Confidential portion of any Discovery Material other than deposition transcripts and exhibits, the Producing Party or its counsel may designate such portion as "Confidential" by: (a) stamping or otherwise clearly marking as "Confidential" the protected portion in a manner that will not interfere with legibility or audibility; and (b) producing for future public use another copy of said Discovery Material with the confidential information reducted.

- 4. A Producing Party or its counsel may designate deposition exhibits or portions of deposition transcripts as Confidential Discovery Material either by: (a) indicating on the record during the deposition that a question calls for Confidential information, in which case the reporter will bind the transcript of the designated testimony in a separate volume and mark it as "Confidential Information Governed by Protective Order;" or (b) notifying the reporter and all counsel of record, in writing, within 30 days after a deposition has concluded, of the specific pages and lines of the transcript that are to be designated "Confidential," in which case all counsel receiving the transcript will be responsible for marking the copies of the designated transcript in their possession or under their control as directed by the Producing Party or that person's counsel. During the 30-day period following a deposition, all Parties will treat the entire deposition transcript as if it had been designated Confidential.
- 5. If at any time before the trial of this action a Producing Party realizes that it should have designated as Confidential some portion(s) of Discovery Material that it previously produced without limitation, the Producing Party may so designate such material by so apprising all prior recipients in writing. Thereafter, this Court and all persons subject to this Order will treat such designated portion(s) of the Discovery Material as Confidential.
- 6. Nothing contained in this Order will be construed as: (a) a waiver by a Party or person of its right to object to any discovery request; (b) a waiver of any privilege or protection; or (c) a ruling regarding the admissibility at trial of any document, testimony, or other evidence.
- 7. Where a Producing Party has designated Discovery Material as Confidential, other persons subject to this Order may disclose such information only to the following persons:

- (a) the Parties to this action, their insurers, and counsel to their insurers;
- (b) counsel retained specifically for this action, including any paralegal,
 clerical, or other assistant that such outside counsel employs and assigns to
 this matter;
- outside vendors or service providers (such as copy-service providers and document-management consultants) that counsel hire and assign to this matter;
- (d) any mediator or arbitrator that the Parties engage in this matter or that this

 Court appoints, provided such person has first executed a Non-Disclosure

 Agreement in the form annexed as an Exhibit hereto;
- (e) as to any document, its author, its addressee, and any other person indicated on the face of the document as having received a copy;
- (f) any witness who counsel for a Party in good faith believes may be called to testify at trial or deposition in this action, provided such person has first executed a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as an Exhibit hereto;
- (g) any person a Party retains to serve as an expert witness or otherwise provide specialized advice to counsel in connection with this action, provided such person has first executed a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as an Exhibit hereto;
- (h) stenographers engaged to transcribe depositions the Parties conduct in this action; and

- (i) this Court, including any appellate court, its support personnel, and court reporters.
- 8. Before disclosing any Confidential Discovery Material to any person referred to in subparagraphs 7(d), 7(f), or 7(g) above, counsel must provide a copy of this Order to such person, who must sign a Non-Disclosure Agreement in the form annexed as an Exhibit hereto stating that he or she has read this Order and agrees to be bound by its terms. Said counsel must retain each signed Non-Disclosure Agreement, hold it in escrow, and produce it to opposing counsel either before such person is permitted to testify (at deposition or trial) or at the conclusion of the case, whichever comes first.
- 9. In accordance with Rule 5 of this Court's Individual Practices, any party filing documents under seal must simultaneously file with the Court a letter brief and supporting declaration justifying on a particularized basis the continued sealing of such documents. The parties should be aware that the Court will unseal documents if it is unable to make "specific, on the record findings... demonstrating that closure is essential to preserve higher values and is narrowly tailored to serve that interest." *Lugosch v. Pyramid Co. of Onondaga*, 435 F.3d 110, 120 (2d Cir. 2006).
- 10. The Court also retains discretion whether to afford confidential treatment to any Discovery Material designated as Confidential and submitted to the Court in connection with any motion, application, or proceeding that may result in an order and/or decision by the Court. All persons are hereby placed on notice that the Court is unlikely to seal or otherwise afford confidential treatment to any Discovery Material introduced in evidence at trial, even if such material has previously been sealed or designated as Confidential.

- 11. In filing Confidential Discovery Material with this Court, or filing portions of any pleadings, motions, or other papers that disclose such Confidential Discovery Material ("Confidential Court Submission"), the Parties shall publicly file a redacted copy of the Confidential Court Submission via the Electronic Case Filing System. The Parties shall file an unredacted copy of the Confidential Court Submission under seal with the Clerk of this Court, and the Parties shall serve this Court and opposing counsel with unredacted courtesy copies of the Confidential Court Submission.
- 12. Any Party who objects to any designation of confidentiality may at any time before the trial of this action serve upon counsel for the Producing Party a written notice stating with particularity the grounds of the objection. If the Parties cannot reach agreement promptly, counsel for all affected Parties will address their dispute to this Court in accordance with paragraph 4(D) of this Court's Individual Practices.
- 13. Any Party who requests additional limits on disclosure (such as "attorneys' eyes only" in extraordinary circumstances), may at any time before the trial of this action serve upon counsel for the recipient Parties a written notice stating with particularity the grounds of the request. If the Parties cannot reach agreement promptly, counsel for all affected Parties will address their dispute to this Court in accordance with paragraph 4(D) of this Court's Individual Practices.
- 14. Recipients of Confidential Discovery Material under this Order may use such material solely for the prosecution and defense of this action and any appeals thereto, and not for any business, commercial, or competitive purpose or in any other litigation proceeding. Nothing contained in this Order, however, will affect or restrict the rights of any Party with respect to its own documents or information produced in this action.

- Confidential Discovery Material in its possession in response to a lawful subpoena or other compulsory process, or if required to produce by law or by any government agency having jurisdiction, provided that such Party gives written notice to the Producing Party as soon as reasonably possible, and if permitted by the time allowed under the request, at least 10 days before any disclosure. Upon receiving such notice, the Producing Party will bear the burden to oppose compliance with the subpoena, other compulsory process, or other legal notice if the Producing Party deems it appropriate to do so.
- 16. Each person who has access to Discovery Material designated as

 Confidential pursuant to this Order must take all due precautions to prevent the unauthorized or
 inadvertent disclosure of such material.
- 17. If, in connection with this litigation, a party inadvertently discloses information subject to a claim of attorney-client privilege or attorney work product protection ("Inadvertently Disclosed Information"), such disclosure shall not constitute or be deemed a waiver or forfeiture of any claim of privilege or work product protection with respect to the Inadvertently Disclosed Information and its subject matter.
- 18. If a disclosing party makes a claim of inadvertent disclosure, the receiving party shall, within five business days, return or destroy all copies of the Inadvertently Disclosed Information, and provide a certification of counsel that all such information has been returned or destroyed.
- 19. Within five business days of the notification that such Inadvertently Disclosed Information has been returned or destroyed, the disclosing party shall produce a privilege log with respect to the Inadvertently Disclosed Information.
 - 20. The receiving party may move the Court for an Order compelling

production of the Inadvertently Disclosed Information. The motion shall be filed under seal, and shall not assert as a ground for entering such an Order the fact or circumstances of the inadvertent production.

- The disclosing party retains the burden of establishing the privileged or protected nature of any Inadvertently Disclosed Information. Nothing in this Order shall limit the right of any party to request an *in camera* review of the Inadvertently Disclosed Information.
- appeals all recipients of Confidential Discovery Material must either return it including all copies thereof— to the Producing Party, or, upon permission of the Producing Party, destroy such material— including all copies thereof. In either event, by the 60-day deadline, the recipient must certify its return or destruction by submitting a written certification to the Producing Party that affirms that it has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Confidential Discovery Material. Notwithstanding this provision, the attorneys that the Parties have specifically retained for this action may retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, expert reports, legal memoranda, correspondence, or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Confidential Discovery Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Confidential Discovery Material remain subject to this Order.
- 23. This Order will survive the termination of the litigation and will continue to be binding upon all persons to whom Confidential Discovery Material is produced or disclosed.
- 24. This Court will retain jurisdiction over all persons subject to this Order to the extent necessary to enforce any obligations arising hereunder or to impose sanctions for

any contempt thereof.

ADDENDUM TO STIPULATED CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND PROTECTIVE ORDER

WHEREAS discovery herein may include the production of information and/or documents that (a) contains highly sensitive information, policies, procedures, or other matters that, if disclosed, could jeopardize correctional or institutional safety, security or good order, or (b) contain information that is confidential under state or federal law;

IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED that:

- 25. The Defendant may additionally designate as Confidential materials that it reasonably and in good faith believes consists of:
- (a) Information concerning the seniority of its employees that are used to make bid assignments; and
- (b) Information concerning the criteria for its mandatory "stick list" used for overtime assignment.
- 26. Unless provided by the Court or consented to in writing by Defendant,
 Plaintiffs' counsel may not provide a copy or allow a copy of any Confidential Material to be given
 to Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs' counsel may show and discuss Confidential Material with Plaintiffs to the
 extent necessary to prepare for the litigation of this action.
 - 27. Defendant may designate the following documents as "Highly Confidential:"
 - (a) All documents and information that relate to the substance or contents of any and all personnel files and records, including but not limited to personal, departmental, and administrative files and other personnel information prepared or maintained by the New York State Department of Corrections and Community Supervision ("DOCCS"), including but not limited to documents reflecting the evaluations, reviews,

- performance, discipline, salary, work schedules, personal health information, age, race, national origin, sexual orientation or gender of any personnel at DOCCS;
- (b) All documents and information that relate to any statements, reviews, minutes, discussions, communications, evaluations, deliberations, analyses, votes, or recommendations by or made to any committee or individual who votes, passes upon, reviews, makes recommendations upon, or considers personnel matters at DOCCS;
- (c) All documents and information concerning complaints to,
 investigations by, or reports of any office, committee, person, or
 agency, including but not limited to any office or committee of
 DOCCS, the New York State Division of Human Rights, or the United
 States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, relating to
 allegations of discrimination at DOCCS;
- (d) Documents and information relating to the private, personal, and non-public information of non-parties to the Action;
- (e) All employment-related grievances, requests for accommodation, or other internal writings within DOCCS that concern DOCCS requirements or procedures concerning the conduct of its employees;
- (f) Reports and other records prepared by DOCCS's Office of Special
 Investigations, or its predecessor entity DOCCS's Office of the
 Inspector General, in connection with an investigation conducted by
 that entity;
- (g) All directives or written policies issued by DOCCS or any correctional facility operated by DOCCS that are classified as "D" in DOCCS Directive 0001, indicating that they contain information affecting the safety and

security of correctional facilities and are handled as confidential material and restricted from unauthorized access; and

- (h) Materials that the defendant, in good faith, believes would threaten the safety or security of a correctional facility or the general public if disclosed to persons outside the scope of this Order.
- 28. A designation of "Highly Confidential" means that it is for "Attorneys' Eyes Only," and shall not be released or disclosed in any matter to any other person, including Plaintiffs, who does not fall under Paragraph 7(b) (i). Plaintiffs' counsel may not show or discuss "Highly Confidential" Material with Plaintiffs.
- 29. After receipt of the Highly Confidential material, should Plaintiffs' counsel believe the portions thereof should be discussed with Plaintiffs in order to assist in the preparation of this action for trial, Plaintiffs' counsel shall identify those documents to Defendant's counsel and request that their designation be changed to "Confidential." In the event a dispute arises, counsel shall in good faith attempt to resolve such a dispute. If the dispute cannot be resolved among counsel, the Parties may address the dispute to the Court in accordance with Paragraph 12 of the Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order.

SO STIPULATED AND AGREED.

Plaintiffs' Counsel

Dated: Sussman & Associates

Defendant's Counsel Amanda Yoon

Assistant Attorney General
State of New York

Dated:

Office of Attorney General

March 29, 2022

Dated: White Plains, New York
March 30, 2022

SO ORDERED.

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Philip M. Halpern United States District Judge

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	_

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I,, acknowledge that I have read and
understand the Protective Order in this action governing the non-disclosure of those portions of
Discovery Material that have been designated as Confidential and Highly Confidential. I agree
that I will not disclose such Confidential and Highly Confidential Discovery Material to anyone
other than for purposes of this litigation and that at the conclusion of the litigation I will return
all discovery information to the Party or attorney from whom I received it. By acknowledging
these obligations under the Protective Order, I understand that I am submitting myself to the
jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York for the
purpose of any issue or dispute arising hereunder and that my willful violation of any term of the
Protective Order could subject me to punishment for contempt of Court.

Dated: